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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Oxadiazon 250 g/L EC

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstUse

Herbicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier: Zhejiang Xinan Chemical Industrial Group Co.,Ltd

Address: Xinanjiang, Jiande, Zhejiang, China

Telephone: +86-571-64723891 Telefax: +86-571-64721344

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no.: +86-571-64721344

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Flammable liquids: Category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Aspiration hazard: Category 1

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin irritation: Category 3

H316 Causes mild skin irritation

Eye irritation: Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

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Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Nosmoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC) Oxadiazon 250 g/L

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Conc. [g/L]
Oxadiazon	19666-30-9	250

Further information

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek

medical advice.

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Inhalation Move the victim to fresh air and keep at rest. Call a physician or poison control

center immediately.

Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a physician or poison control center

immediately.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison

control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms When inhaled or swallowed depending on the time and amount, it can give

rise to the following symptoms: Headaches, Giddiness, Tiredness, Nausea, Vomit, Heart beat disturbance, Intoxication, Unconciousness, Breathing stop, Death., Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.,

Symptoms and hazards refer to the solvent.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks Contains hydrocarbon solvents. May pose an aspiration pneumoniahazard.

Treatment Local treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic.

Systemic treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is

no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Water spray, Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Foam, Sand.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dangerous gases are evolved in the event of a fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wearself-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with

water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat. Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth. Do not allow run-

off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Precautions Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid contact with

spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective

equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder,

universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean contaminated floors and objects

thoroughly, observing environmental regulations.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened

packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Use only inarea

provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation.

Advice on protection againstfire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Take measures to prevent the build up ofelectrostatic charge. Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove contaminated

clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, using the toilet or applying cosmetics. When using, do not eat, drink or

smoke.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storageareas and containers

Store in original container. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from freezing. Keep away from directs unlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Suitable materials Coex EVOH

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Oxadiazon	19666-30-9	0,3 mg/m3		OES BCS*
		(TWA)		

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8.2 Exposure controls

Respiratory protection Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask

> (protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding

wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and

> breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is

used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or

using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber Rate of permeability > 480 min > 0.4 mmGlove thickness Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

Eye protection Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit. Skin and body protection

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type

suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be

professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesForm

Liquid

Colour yellow to red-brown

Odour characteristic

pН 4.0 - 7.0 (1 %) (20 °C)

Flash point 65.4°C at 760 mmHg of atmospheric pressure

>450 °C **Ignition temperature Auto-ignition temperature** 430 °C

Density ca. 1.0073 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Water solubility miscible

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Thermal decomposition Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according toprescribed instructions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicityLD50 (Rat) > 2000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicityLC50 (Rat) > 4.83 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 2.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Mild irritating to skin. (Rabbit)

Eye damage/eye irritation Moderate irritant to eye. (Rabbit)

Respiratory or skin sensitization Non-sensitizing. (Guinea pig)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Oxadiazon: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Oxadiazon caused specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies in the following organ(s):Liver, Blood. The observed effects do not appear to be relevant for humans.

Assessment mutagenicity

Oxadiazon was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitroand in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Oxadiazon caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in in the following organ(s): Liver. The mechanism that triggers tumours in rodents and the type of tumours observed are not relevant to humans.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Oxadiazon caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic tothe parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Oxadiazon is related to parental toxicity.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Oxadiazon caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Oxadiazon are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

The toxicological data refer to a similar formulation.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 6.71 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquaticinvertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna) 14.87 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) 0.069 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) 0.017 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Oxadiazon:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Oxadiazon: Koc: 1294

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Oxadiazon: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 243

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Oxadiazon: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Oxadiazon: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to bevery

persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation

with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be

taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant.

Contaminated packaging Triple rinse containers.

Do not re-use empty containers.

Not completely emptied packagings should be disposed of as hazardouswaste.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SANS 10231

14.1 UN number 1993

14.2 Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4 Packaging Group III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

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IMDG

14.1 UN number 1993

14.2 Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)314.4 Packaging GroupIII14.5 Marine pollutantYES

IATA

14.1 UN number 1993

14.2 Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packaging Group
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark
NO

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtureFurther information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

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H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information contained within this Safety Data Sheet is in accordance with the guidelines established by Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 and Regulation (EU) 2015/830 amending Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 and any subsequent amendments. This data sheet complements the user's instructions, but does not replace them. The information it contains is based on the knowledge available about the product concerned at the time it was compiled. Users are further reminded of the possible risks of using a product for purposes other than those for which it was intended. The required information complies with current EEC legislation. Addressees are requested to observe any additional national requirements.